

Leak Detection Research and Development

SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE®

Maria Araujo
John Edlebeck



ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

Topics



Machine Learning
Applied to Leak Detection



Leak Detection
Sensor Testing



Gas Emissions
Monitoring

Application of Machine Learning to Leak Detection

SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE®



ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

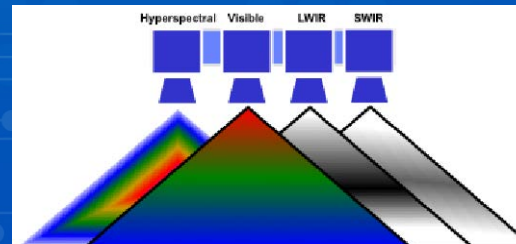
So What Was SwRI's Research Goal?

- Develop a leak detection technology that is:
 - Platform Agnostic (Aerial, Ground, Stationary)
 - Low false alarm rates in a wide range of environmental and operational conditions
 - Non-intrusive, minimal to no retrofit to existing infrastructure
 - Autonomous
 - Real-time capable
 - Extensible
 - Able to detect any common pipeline fluid or gas without specific pipeline or operator-specific tuning



Smart Leak Detection (SLED) System

- A combination of optical sensor modalities
 - COTS components
 - Visible ($0.4\mu\text{m} - 0.9\mu\text{m}$)
 - Long-wave Infrared ($7.5\mu\text{m} - 13\mu\text{m}$)



**BRAVE
NEW
WORLD**
MACHINE LEARNING

Mario S. Antoja > Manager RSD, High Reliability Systems
Shane Siebenaler > Manager RSD, Fluid Dynamics
Sue Bickler > Senior Research Engineer
Edmond Dupont > Senior Research Engineer
Samantha Blaisdell > Research Engineer
Daniel Davila > Engineer
Company > Southwest Research Institute



Automated Small Leak Detection from
Hazardous Liquid Pipelines Using
Multi-Platform Remote Sensing

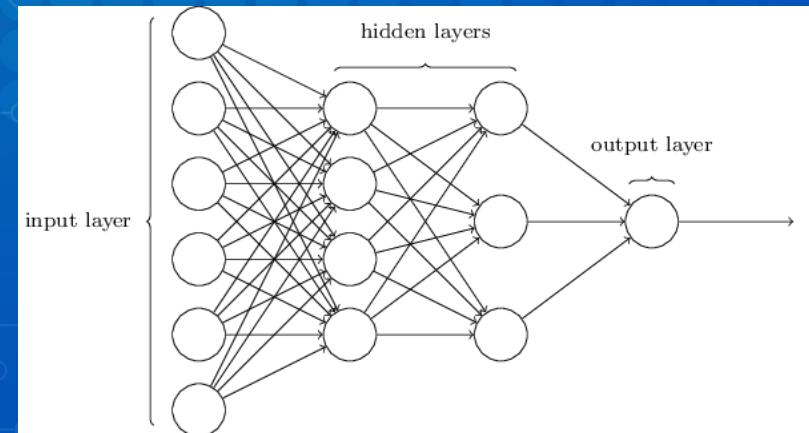


ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

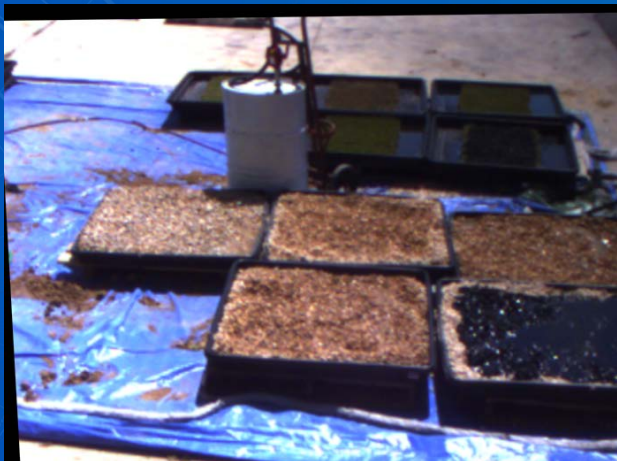
Optical Sensing + Machine Learning

- Optical sensing already used in leak detection
- Addition of machine learning techniques for
 - Autonomy
 - High Reliability (low false alarm rates)
 - Machine Learning
 - Powerful techniques such as convolutional neural networks
 - Extensible and robust detection

Convolutional Neural Networks



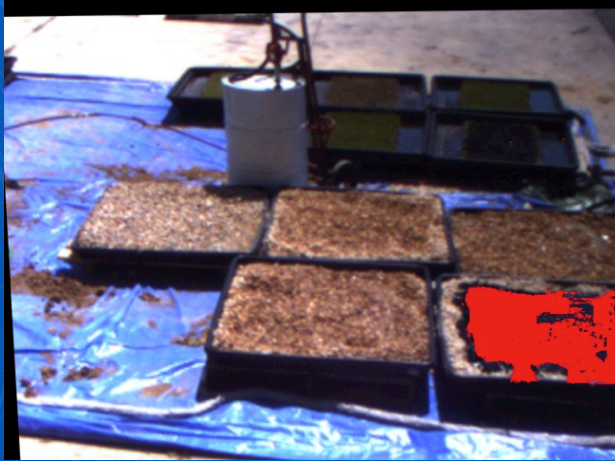
Are There Hazardous Liquids In These Images?



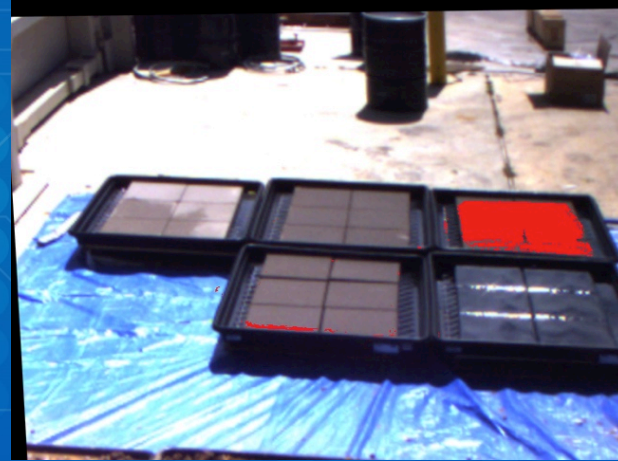
ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

Hazardous Liquids Detection and Classification by SLED

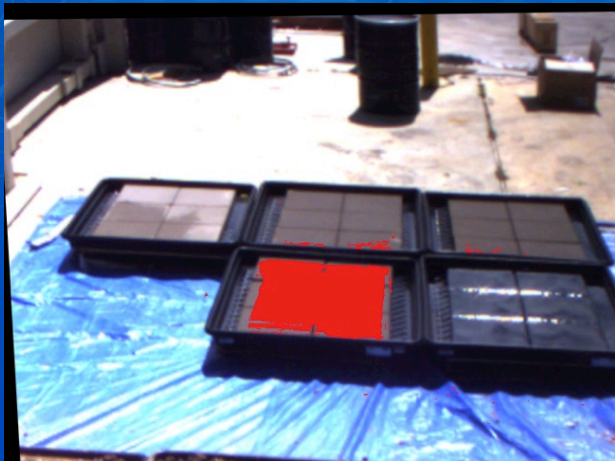
Crude Oil



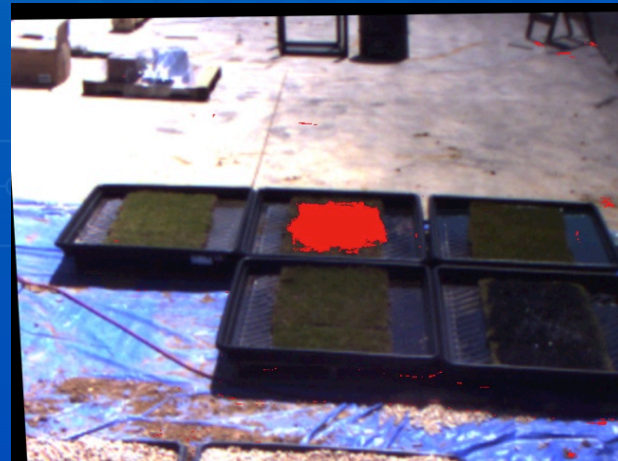
Diesel



Mineral Oil



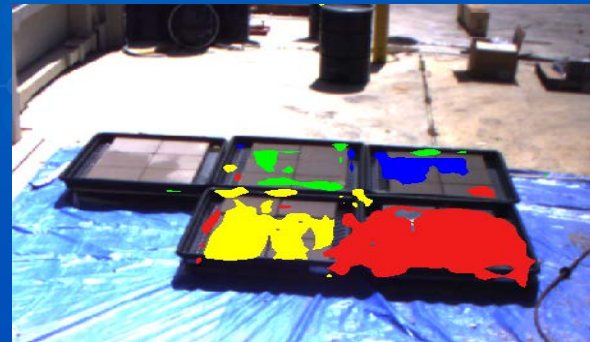
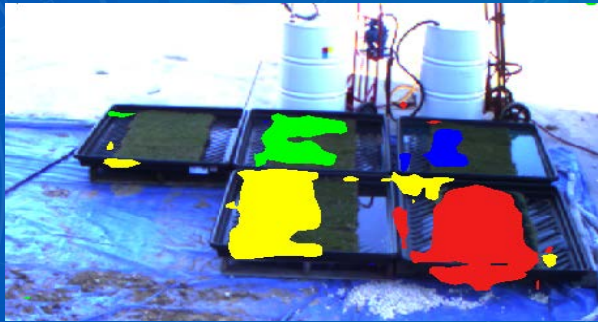
Gasoline



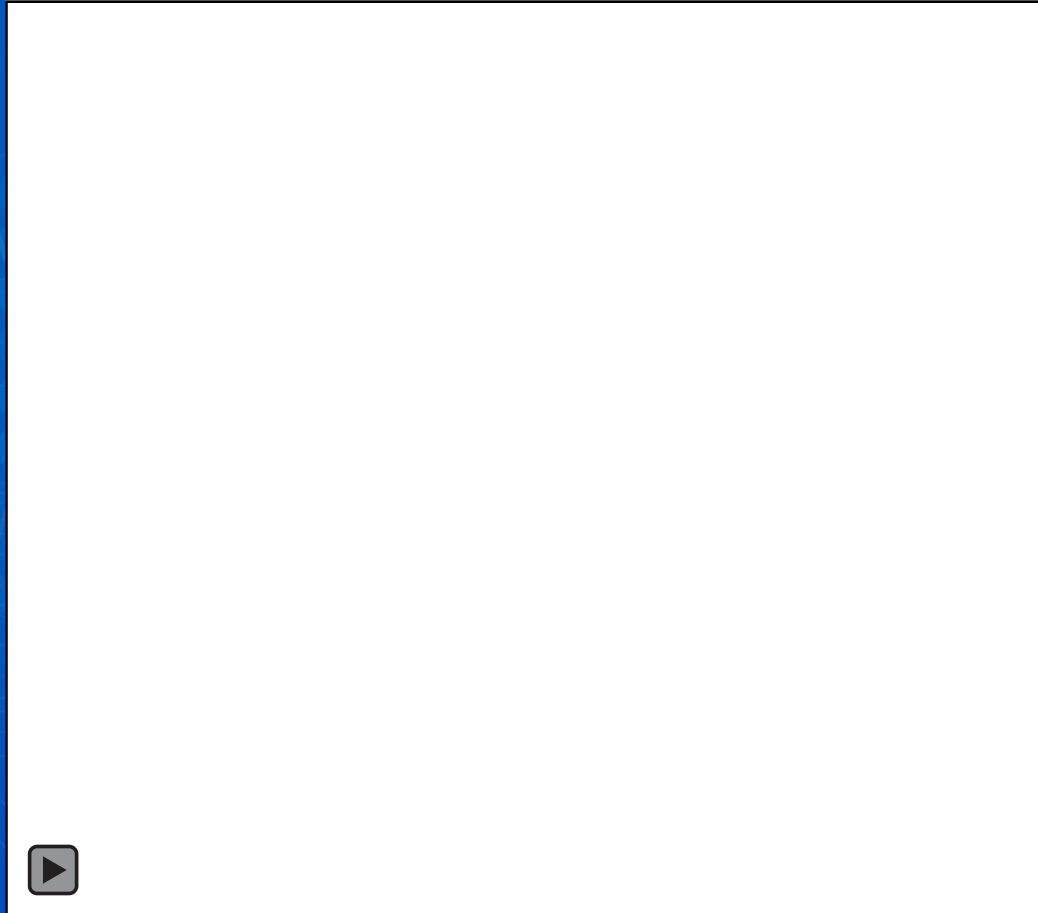
Are There Hazardous Liquids In These Images?



Hazardous Liquids Detection and Classification by SLED



SLED - Leak Detection Video



SLED is Extensible and can be used for...

- Different target substances
 - Gases – methane, ethylene, nitrogen
- Different sensors inputs and combinations
 - Optical sensors
 - Analog sensors
 - Fiber optics
 - Acoustic sensors
 - Etc.



SLED for Methane

- Based on SLED work and results
 - We were recently awarded a project by the DOE to develop a similar technology to detect methane leak/emissions at compressor stations and similar-type facilities
 - 18 month project started in October 2016

Next Steps for SLED

- We want to demonstrate and quantify system performance in a realistic scenario
 - Pipelines
 - Facilities

Leak Detection Sensor Testing



ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

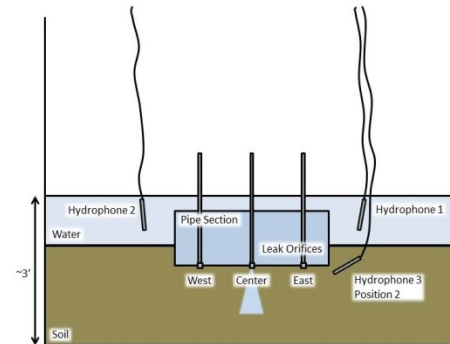
Technology Validation

- Areas of evaluation
 - Evaluation of performance
 - Non-leak alarm discrimination
 - Ease of implementation
 - Robustness
- Methods
 - Laboratory testing
 - Field testing

Sensitivity Tests



Leak Characterization

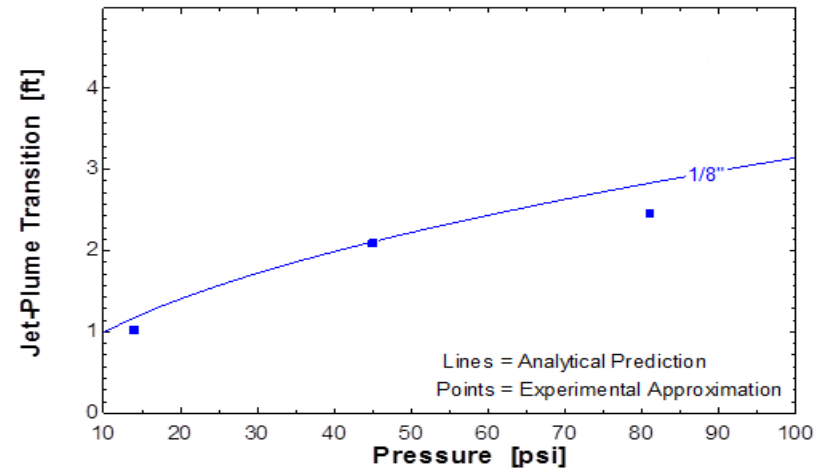
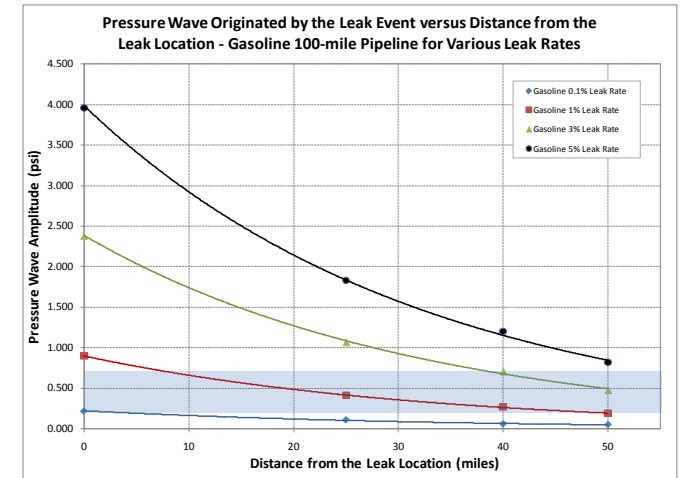
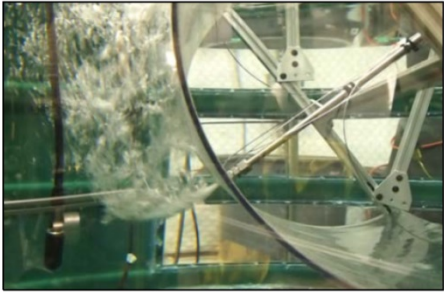


Large-Scale Testing

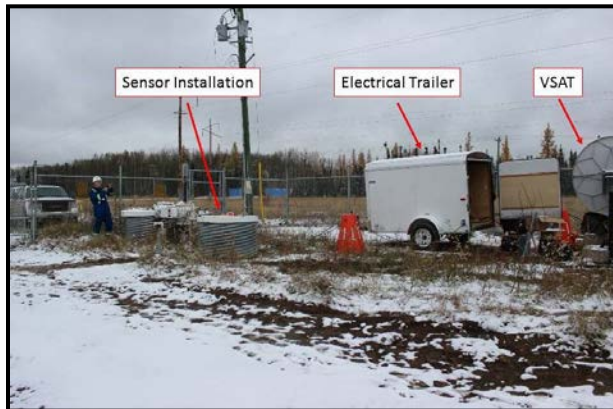
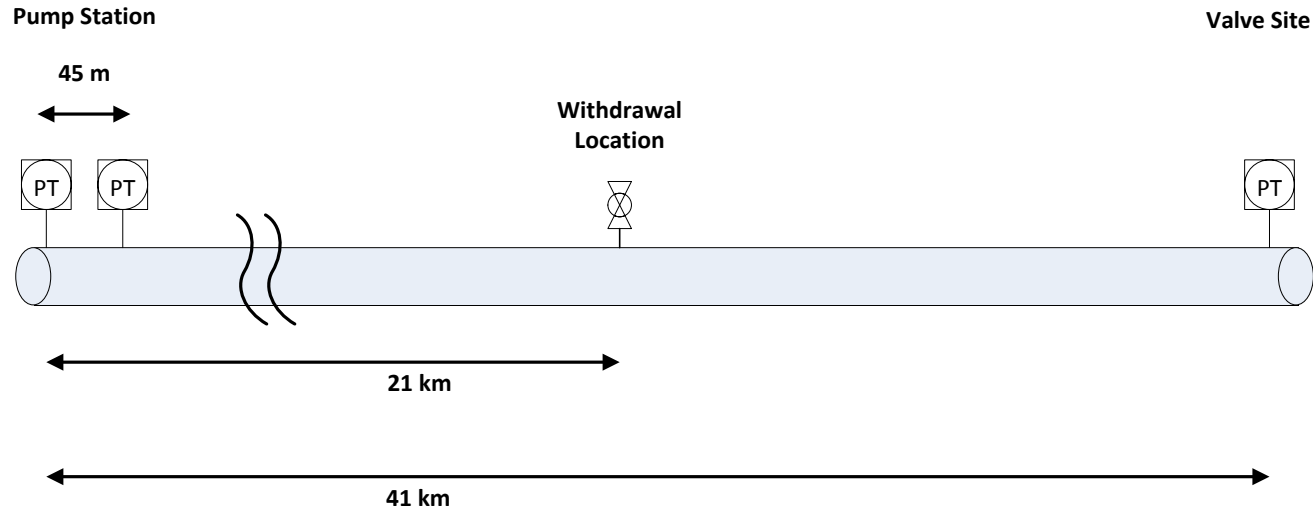


Leak Characterization

- Discharged fluid propagation
- Thermal profiles
- Plume migration
- Acoustic fields

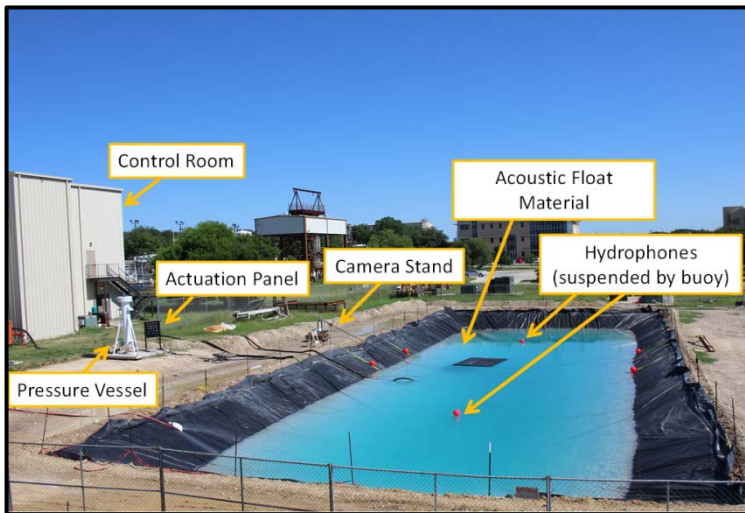
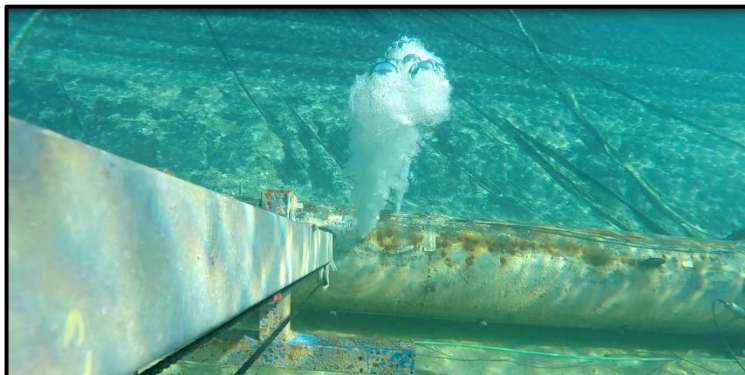
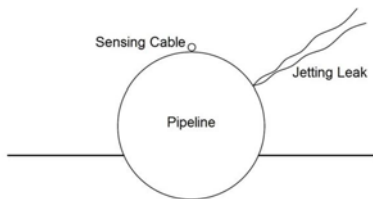


Field Testing of Negative-Wave Systems

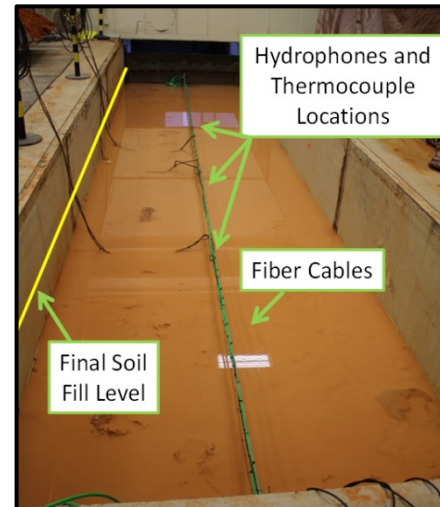
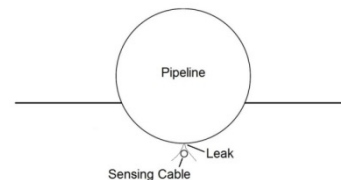


Testing of DTS/DAS Systems - Large-Scale Testing

Leak Into Water



Leak Into Soil



Need for Facility Field Testing

- Facility leaks responsible for:
 - 52% of all leaks^[1]
 - 60% of all leaks less than five (5) barrels^[1]
- 76% of facility leaks are less than five (5) barrels^[1]
- Often outside of monitored segments
- Lack of available performance data for aboveground leak detection at facilities
- Possible to accommodate many types of technologies in one test



Gas Emissions Monitoring



ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

SwRI Emissions Monitoring

- SwRI has conducted tests on gas monitoring technologies in laboratories, field, and customer sites
- Experience with state-of-the-art instrumentation:
 - OGI
 - CRDS
 - TDLAS



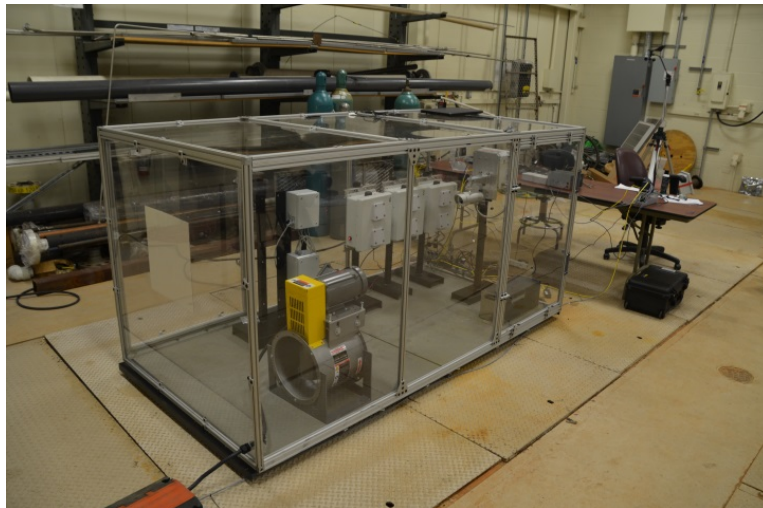
SwRI Emissions Technology Areas

- Instrumentation evaluation
- Fugitive emissions testing
- Leak quantification
- Leak modeling



Methane Detectors Challenge

- Lead testing of novel low-cost sensors for continuous monitoring
- Partnership with the Environmental Defense Fund and collaboration with:
 - Eight gas companies
 - U.S. federal government
 - Three universities
 - Multiple technology companies



Questions?

Maria Araujo
(210) 522-3730

Maria.Araujo@swri.org

John Edlebeck
(210) 522-2538

John.Edlebeck@swri.org



ADVANCED SCIENCE. APPLIED TECHNOLOGY.

References

[1] American Petroleum Institute, 2005, "PPTS Advisory2005-3 – Overview of Incidents Occurring on Facilities Piping and Equipment," http://www.api.org/~media/Files/Oil-and-Natural-Gas/PPTS/Advisories-Archive/2005_3AdvisoryFacilitiesGenl.pdf?la=en